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DATE MAILED: 05/09/2006

APPLICATION NO. FILING DATE		FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.			
10/798,310 03/12/2004		Hidayat Husain	4320-553	5768			
1059	7590	05/09/2006		EXAMINER			
BERESKIN	N AND P	ARR	FORTUNA, ANA M				
40 KING ST	REET WI	EST					
BOX 401				ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER		
TORONTO,	ON M5	H 3Y2	1723				
CANADA							

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No. Applica		Applicant(s)	icant(s)					
Office Action Summary			10/798,31	0	HIDAYAT HUSAIN					
			Examiner		Art Unit					
			Ana M. For	tuna	1723					
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communi r Reply	ication app	ears on the	cover sheet with the c	orrespondence ad	dress				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).										
Status										
1)[[]	Responsive to communication(s) file	d on <i>30 Ma</i>	arch 2006							
2a)□	'			on-final						
<i>'</i>										
ت (٠	closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.									
Disposition of Claims										
· _										
•	Claim(s) <u>1-58</u> is/are pending in the application.									
	4a) Of the above claim(s) <u>23-37</u> is/are withdrawn from consideration.									
•	Claim(s) is/are allowed.									
	Claim(s) 1-22 and 38-58 is/are rejected.									
·	Claim(s) is/are objected to. Claim(s) are subject to restrict	tion and/or	oloction ro	quiromont						
ا (٥	claim(s) are subject to restrict	uon anu/oi	election re	quirement.						
Applicati	on Papers									
9)[	9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.									
10)[	10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) □ accepted or b) □ objected to by the Examiner.									
	Applicant may not request that any object	tion to the d	drawing(s) be	e held in abeyance. See	37 CFR 1.85(a).					
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).									
11)	11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.									
Priority u	nder 35 U.S.C. § 119									
<ul> <li>12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).</li> <li>a) All b) Some * c) None of:</li> <li>1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.</li> <li>2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No</li> <li>3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).</li> <li>* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.</li> </ul>										
2) 🔲 Notic	e of References Cited (PTO-892)  e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-1449 or Formula (S) (PTO-1449 or Formula (S) (PTO-1449)			4) Interview Summary ( Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal Pa 6) Other:	te	D-152)				

Application/Control Number: 10/798,310 Page 2

Art Unit: 1723

#### **DETAILED ACTION**

# Continued Examination Under 37 CFR 1.114

1. A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's submission filed on 3/15/06 has been entered.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 3. The text of those sections of Title 35, U.S. Code not included in this action can be found in a prior Office action, see final rejection of 11/16/05. The later rejection is maintained.

### Response to Arguments

4. In response to applicant's argument that there is no suggestion to combine the references, the examiner recognizes that obviousness can only be established by combining or modifying the teachings of the prior art to produce the claimed invention where there is some teaching, suggestion, or motivation to do so found either in the references themselves or in the knowledge generally available to one of ordinary skill in

Application/Control Number: 10/798,310

Page 3

Art Unit: 1723

the art. See In re Fine, 837 F.2d 1071, 5 USPQ2d 1596 (Fed. Cir. 1988) and In re Jones, 958 F.2d 347, 21 USPQ2d 1941 (Fed. Cir. 1992). In this case, patents '058 and '057 combined provide enough teaching to drive the skilled in the art as to how to modify a membrane module, in particular a spiral wound membrane to operated under a high efficient performance e.g. by tapering the module and providing large membrane surface to generate a constant flow velocity though the length of the module, and maintain the membrane surface clean, by maintaining the constant fluid velocity. The specific combination of superficial velocity and permeate recovery is not "exactly provided" in terms of absolute numbers, however, operating a membrane module to generate that particular condition seems to be obvious based on the suggestions of the prior art. Reference 4,839037 teaches the superficial velocity within the within the claimed levels and the fee flow in gallons per minutes necessary to achieve that velocity. That velocity is pressure dependent, therefore, by controlling the feed fluid pressure, the resulting feed flow and velocity can be controlled, and maintained through the channel by the feed channel design suggested in '057, e.g. tapered. Reference '058 teaches how to design the module for a high recovery, e.g 30 to 90 %, in laminar or a turbulent flow. The reference teaches tailoring the module for a desire recovery. Modifying spacer, membrane surface area and tapering degree to achieve a desire performance in operation as suggested in '058 and '057 it would have been obvious to the skilled artisan at the time the invention was made, the skilled in this art based on the teachings of the references can select longer tapered modules, larger membrane leave, to provide larger membrane surface area generating high recoveries;

Art Unit: 1723

will control the feed flow to generate the desire superficial velocity and design the angle of tapering to achieve a constant pressure along the channel, e.g to avoid membrane clogging at the end of the module, increasing the recovery.

Patent US 4,814,079 is newly cited, this reference teaches that in reverse osmosis modules a superficial velocity of 0.5-0.1 feet/ second is sufficient to minimize concentration polarization when the feed water does not contain suspended solids (see column 1, lines 55-62). It is therefore; clear that selecting a superficial velocity of between 0.05 to 0.4 in a high production module, such as the one disclosed in '058 was within the knowledge of the skilled in the art at the time this invention was made.

After considering the references by themselves to see whether they suggest doing what appellants have done, the court considers whether a person of ordinary skill in the art combining the individual steps which form the claimed process would have sufficient bases for the required expectation of success, see In re Skoll, 553 F2d 1392.

Obviousness does not require absolute predictability, but a reasonable expectation of success is necessary. In re Clinton, 188 USPQ 365 (CCPA1976).

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Ana M. Fortuna whose telephone number is (571) 272-1141. The examiner can normally be reached on 9:30-6:00 M-F.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Wanda L. Walker can be reached on (571) 272-1151. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Application/Control Number: 10/798,310

**Art Unit: 1723** 

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Ana M Fortuna Primary Examiner Art Unit 1723 Page 5

AF May 05, 2005